
CHAIN QUARTERLY REPORT

CITY OF LONDON

APRIL - JUNE 2023

SUPPORTED BY
MAYOR OF LONDON



CHAIN

COPYRIGHT

**Greater London Authority
July 2023**

Published by
Greater London Authority
City Hall
Kamal Chunchie Way
London
E16 1ZE
www.london.gov.uk

CHAIN enquiries 020 7840 4451

Copies of this report are available
from <http://data.london.gov.uk>

CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION

2. ROUGH SLEEPER POPULATION ANALYSIS

- Headlines
- Achieving no second night out
- No one living on the streets
- Intermittent rough sleepers

3. SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

- Bedded down street contacts by area: Borough level
- Bedded down street contacts by area: Greater London level

4. NATIONALITY

- Nationality: Rolling figures
- Nationality: Breakdown by area

5. DEMOGRAPHICS

- Gender
- Age
- Ethnicity

6. SUPPORT NEEDS

7. INSTITUTIONAL & ARMED FORCES HISTORY

8. ACCOMMODATION & RECONNECTION OUTCOMES

9. TEMPORARY ACCOMMODATION

- Arrivals
- Departures: Destination on departure
- Departures: Reason for leaving

10. METHODOLOGY

1. INTRODUCTION

This quarterly report presents information about people seen rough sleeping by outreach teams in City of London in April - June 2023. Information is derived from the 'Combined Homelessness and Information Network' (CHAIN), a database commissioned and funded by the Greater London Authority (GLA) and managed by Homeless Link. For more information see www.homeless.org.uk/chain.

New rough sleepers	Those who had not been contacted by outreach teams rough sleeping before the period
Living on the streets	Those who have had a high number of contacts over 3 weeks or more which suggests they are living on the streets
Intermittent rough sleepers	People who were seen rough sleeping before the period began at some point, and contacted in the period - but not regularly enough to be 'living on the streets'

For more information about the methods used to derive statistics for this report, and definitions of different groups, please see the Methodology section.

2. ROUGH SLEEPER POPULATION ANALYSIS

City of London: Headlines

Table 1: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q1, by new, living on the streets, and intermittent breakdown

Volumes	No. Rough Sleepers	Change from last period	Change on same period last year
New Rough Sleepers (All)	45	-7	-1
New RS with no second night out	23	-2	+2
New RS with a second night out but not living on the streets	16	-6	-4
New RS joining living on the streets population*	6	+1	+1
Living on the Streets (All)	82	+35	+26
LOS - Transferred from new RS*	6	+1	+1
LOS - Known	70	+35	+24
LOS - RS205+	6	-1	+1
Intermittent Rough Sleepers	59	-14	+8
Total	180	+13	+32

*This cohort is listed under both new RS and living on the streets headings, but is only counted once towards the overall total

City of London: Achieving No Second Night Out

Chart 1: New rough sleepers 2022-23 Q1 to 2023-24 Q1

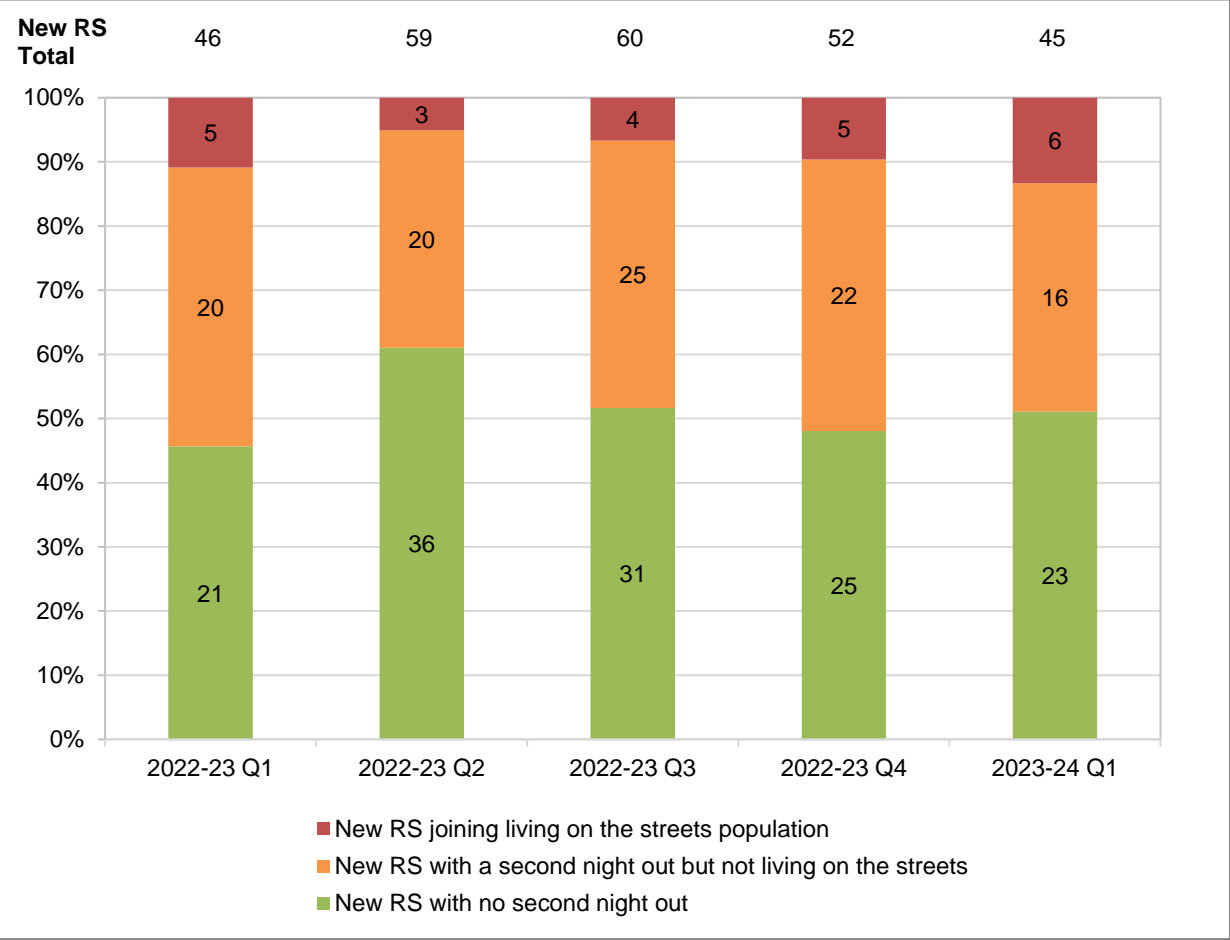


Table 2: New rough sleepers in 2023-24 Q1, by subcategory

Category	No. this period
New RS with no second night out	23
New RS with a second night out but not living on the streets	16
New RS joining living on the streets population	6
Total	45

New RS = New rough sleepers

City of London: No One Living on the Streets

Chart 2: People living on the streets 2022-23 Q1 to 2023-24 Q1

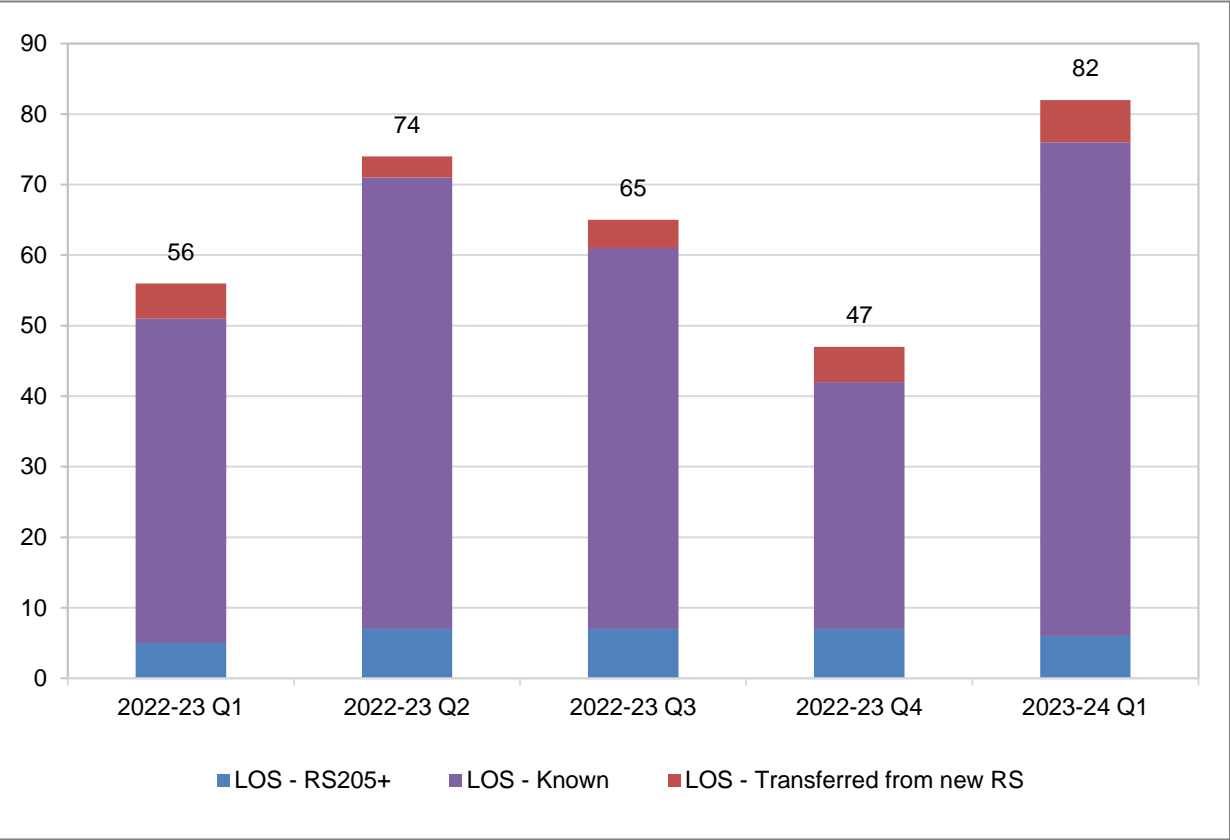


Table 3: People living on the streets in 2023-24 Q1, by subcategory

Category	No. this period
LOS - Transferred from new RS	6
LOS - Known	70
LOS - RS205+	6
Total	82

City of London: Intermittent Rough Sleepers

Chart 3: Intermittent rough sleepers 2022-23 Q1 to 2023-24 Q1

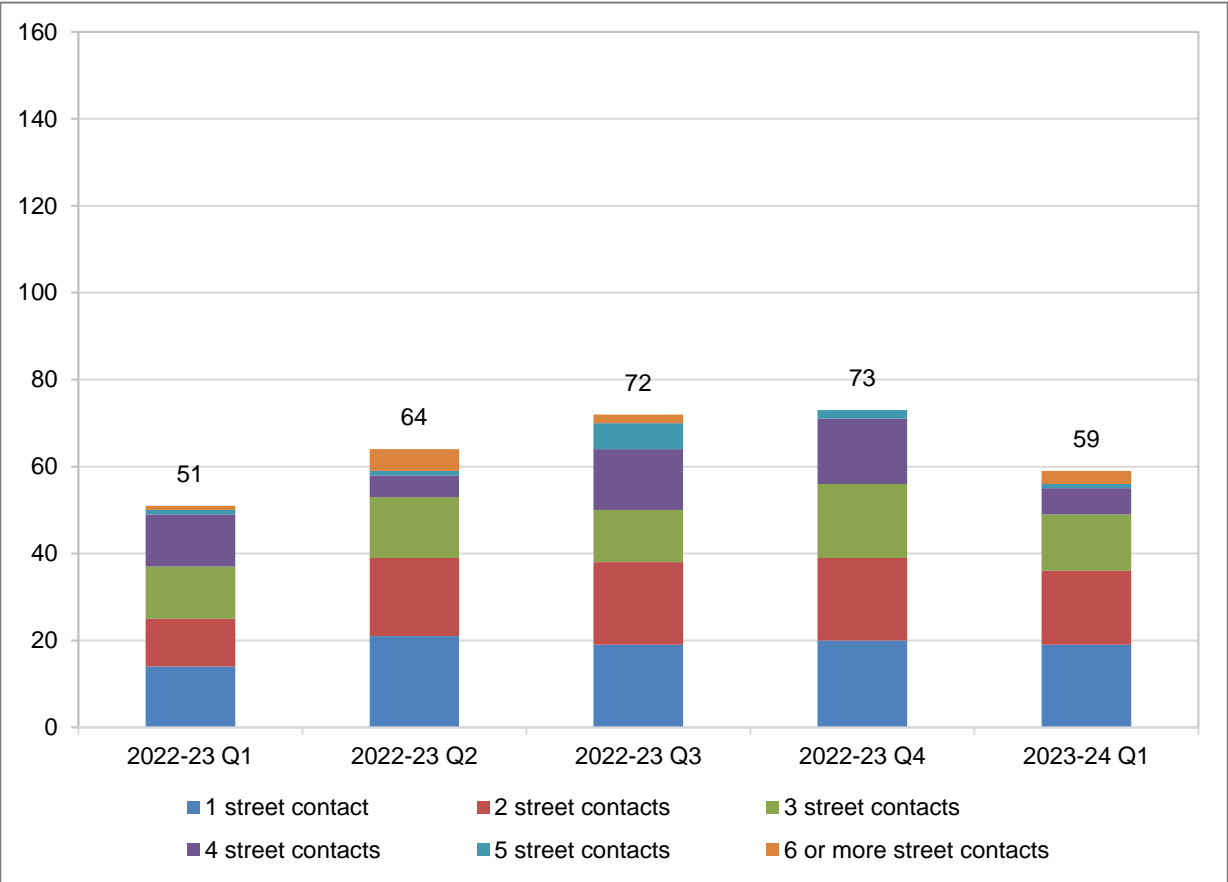


Table 4: Intermittent rough sleepers in 2023-24 Q1, by number of bedded down contacts during the period

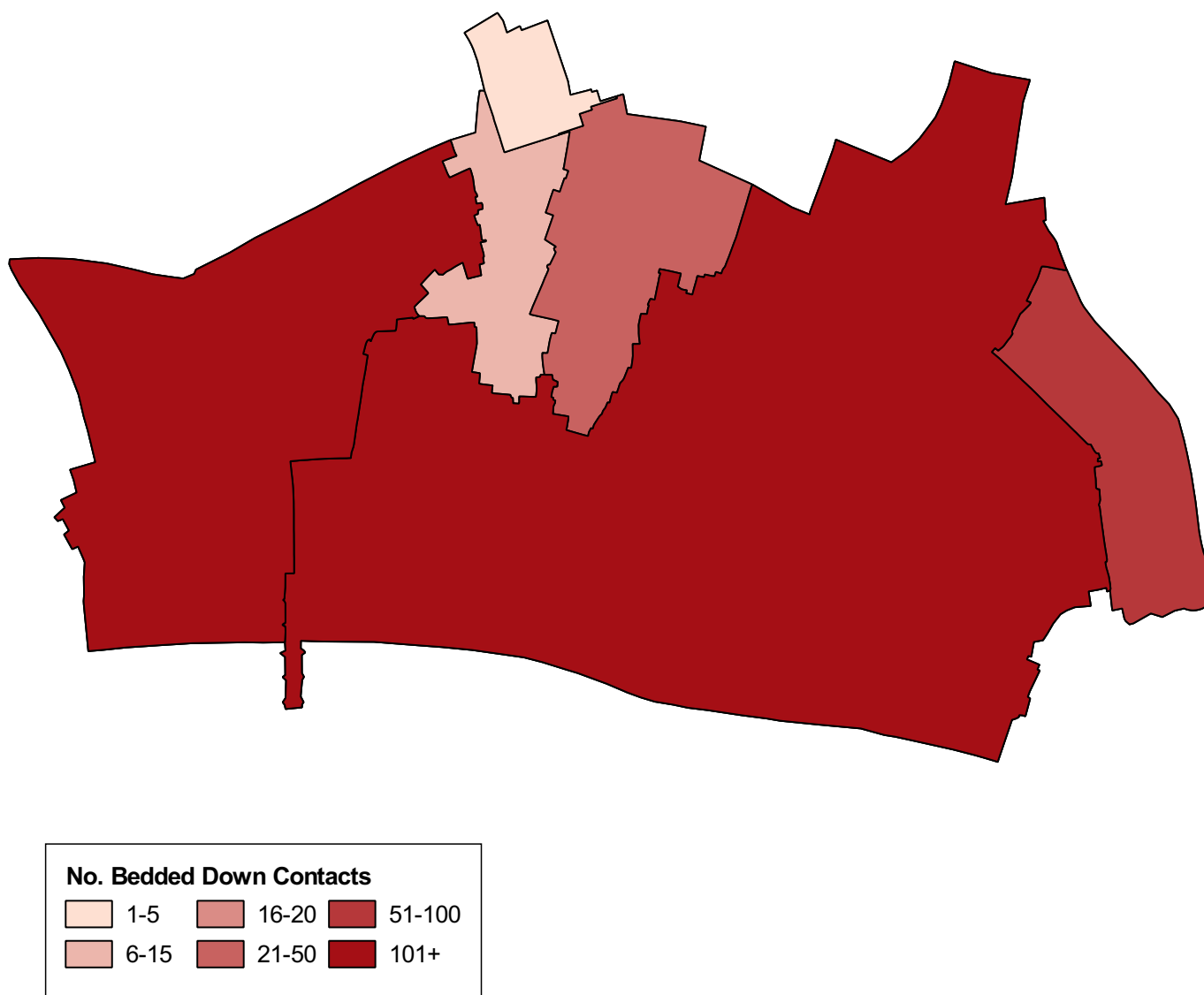
No. bedded down street contacts during this period	No. intermittent rough sleepers
1 street contact	19
2 street contacts	17
3 street contacts	13
4 street contacts	6
5 street contacts	1
6 or more street contacts	3
Total	59

3. SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

Bedded down street contacts by area: Borough level

It is important to note that this represents volume of contacts rather than individuals, and some people may have been seen on multiple occasions within a given area.

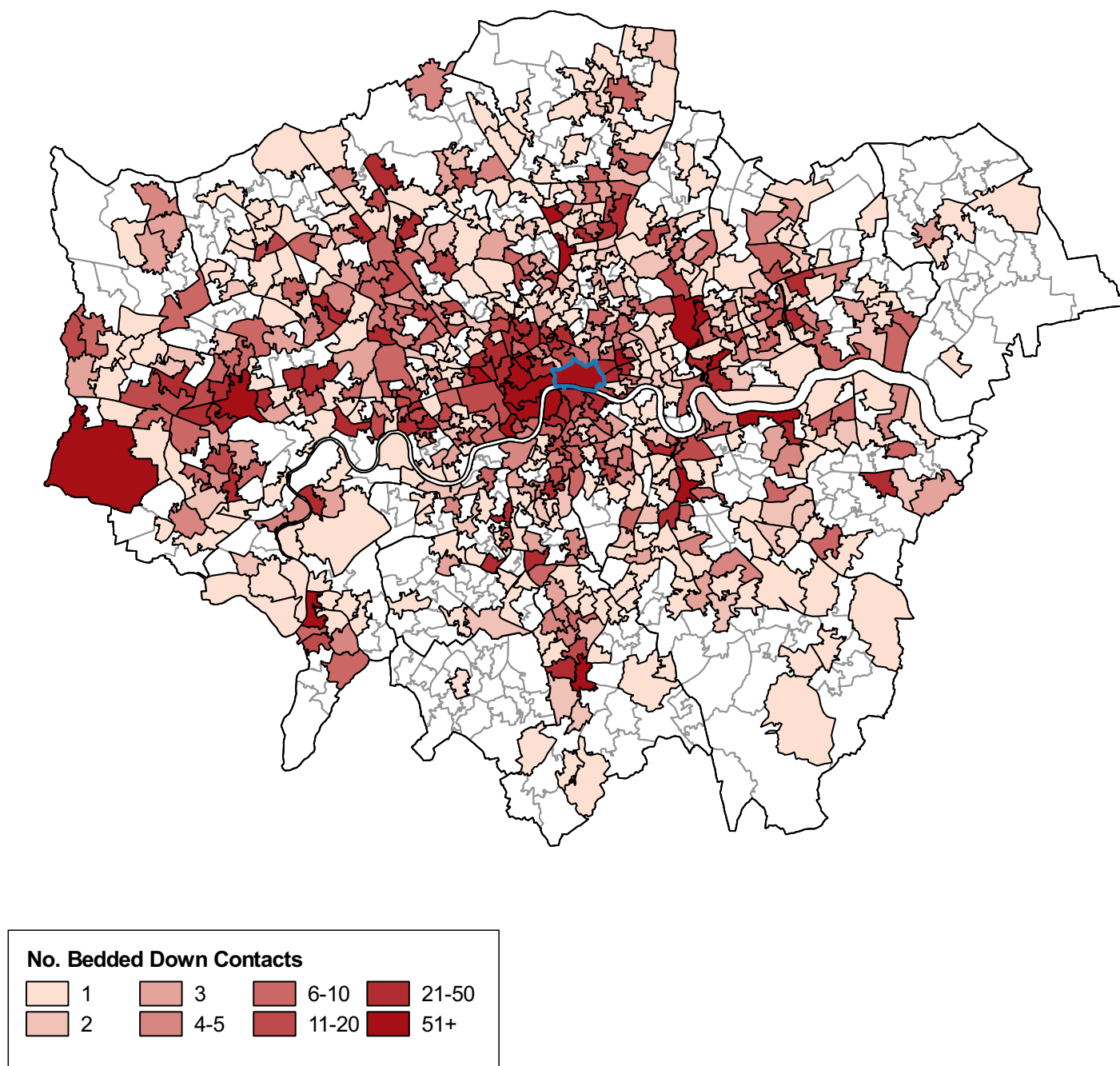
Map 1: Number of bedded down street contacts recorded in each Lower Super Output Area in the borough during the period



Bedded down street contacts by area: Greater London level

It is important to note that this map represents volume of contacts rather than individuals, and some people may have been seen on multiple occasions within a given area. Recording of street contacts is to some extent influenced by outreach provision and practice, which can vary across local authority areas.

Map 2: Number of bedded down street contacts recorded in each Middle Super Output Area across Greater London during the period, with City of London highlighted for comparison



4. NATIONALITY

Nationality: Rolling figures

Table 5: Nationality of people seen rough sleeping 2022-23 Q3 to 2023-24 Q1

Nationality	Oct-Dec 22		Jan-Mar 23		Apr-Jun 23	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
UK	112	66.7%	101	69.2%	111	67.7%
Romania	10	6.0%	9	6.2%	7	4.3%
Poland	9	5.4%	9	6.2%	15	9.1%
Lithuania	4	2.4%	4	2.7%	4	2.4%
Portugal	1	0.6%	3	2.1%	1	0.6%
Ireland (Republic of)	3	1.8%	3	2.1%	1	0.6%
Bulgaria	2	1.2%	3	2.1%	3	1.8%
Italy	1	0.6%	0	0.0%	1	0.6%
Latvia	0	0.0%	1	0.7%	1	0.6%
France	1	0.6%	1	0.7%	0	0.0%
Spain	2	1.2%	0	0.0%	1	0.6%
Other European (EEA) countries	6	3.6%	1	0.7%	1	0.6%
Europe (EEA)	39	23.2%	34	23.3%	35	21.3%
Europe (Non-EEA)	3	1.8%	2	1.4%	1	0.6%
Europe (Not known)	2	1.2%	2	1.4%	3	1.8%
Eritrea	2	1.2%	2	1.4%	2	1.2%
Sudan	1	0.6%	0	0.0%	1	0.6%
Nigeria	0	0.0%	1	0.7%	0	0.0%
Somalia	1	0.6%	1	0.7%	1	0.6%
Ethiopia	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.6%
Other African countries	2	1.2%	0	0.0%	2	1.2%
Africa	6	3.6%	4	2.7%	7	4.3%
India	0	0.0%	1	0.7%	2	1.2%
Afghanistan	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Iran	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Pakistan	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Bangladesh	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Other Asian countries	3	1.8%	1	0.7%	4	2.4%
Asia	3	1.8%	2	1.4%	6	3.7%
Americas	3	1.8%	1	0.7%	1	0.6%
Australasia	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Not known	25		21		16	
Total (excl. not known)	168	100.0%	146	100.0%	164	100.0%
Total (incl. not known)	193		167		180	

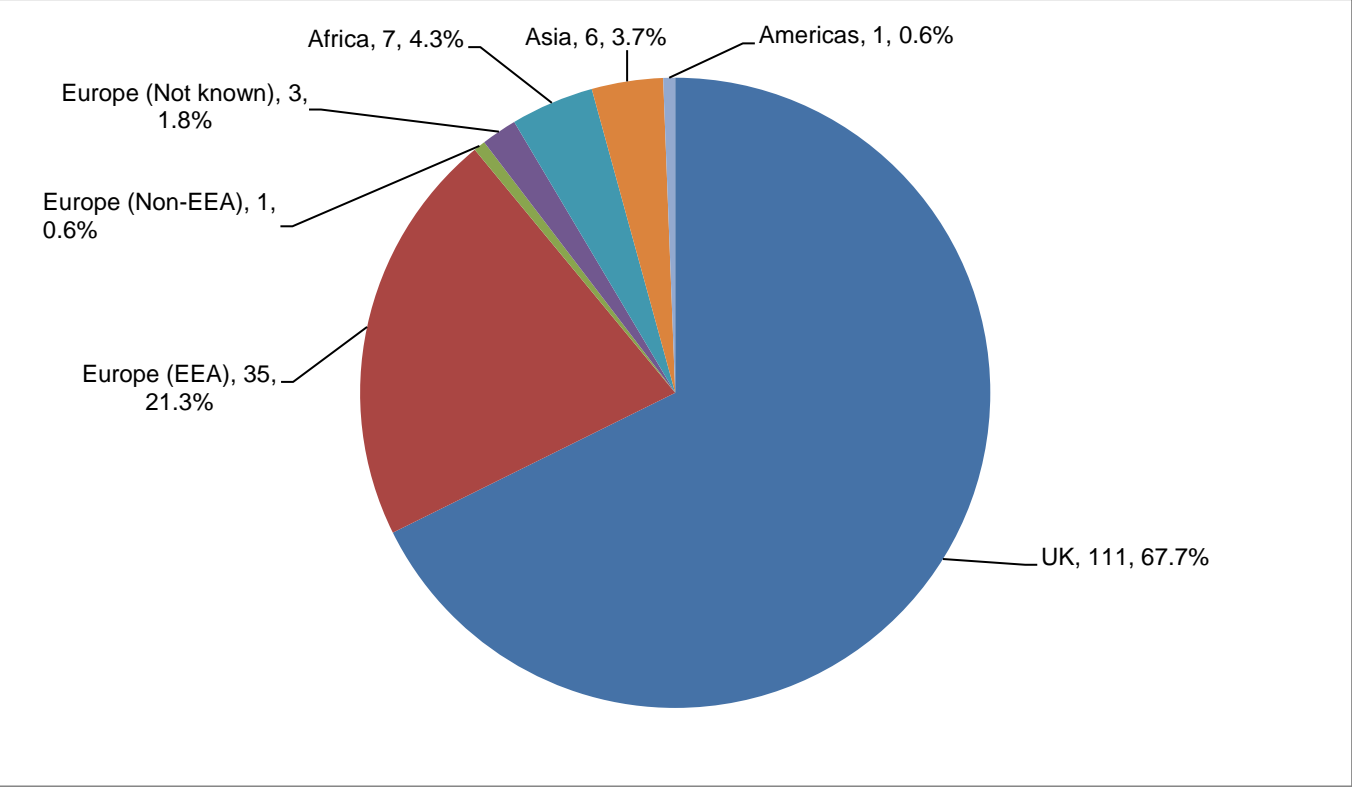
Total excluding not known is used as the base for percentages.

In individual borough reports some nationalities included in the table above may have '0' clients recorded against them – these nationalities are included in this standardised table as they represent a significant number of clients across London as a whole.

As of 2022/23 Q1, we have adjusted categories used for nationality reporting, so that the ten countries previously categorised as CEE are now included in the broader category of Europe (EEA).

Nationality: Breakdown by area

Chart 4: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q1, by nationality

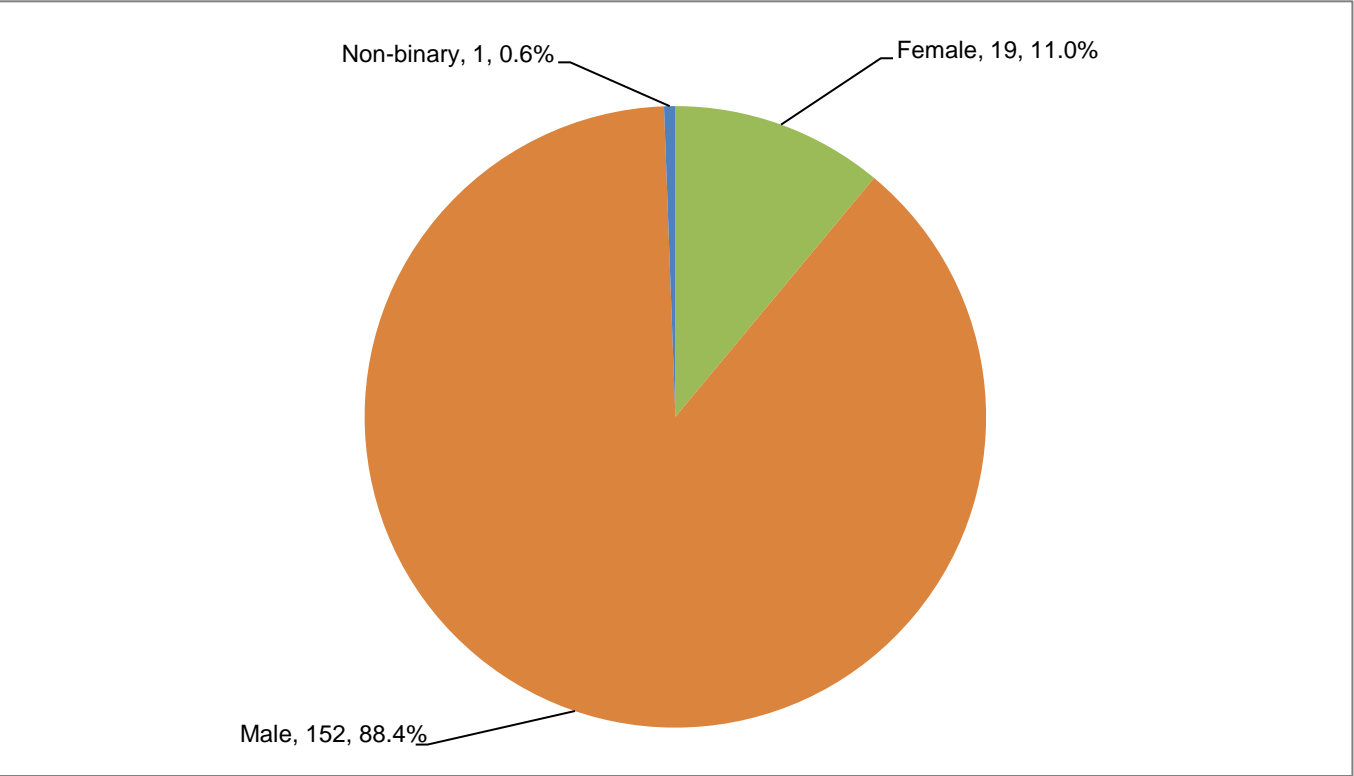


Base: 164 people seen rough sleeping during the period whose nationality was known.

5. DEMOGRAPHICS

Gender

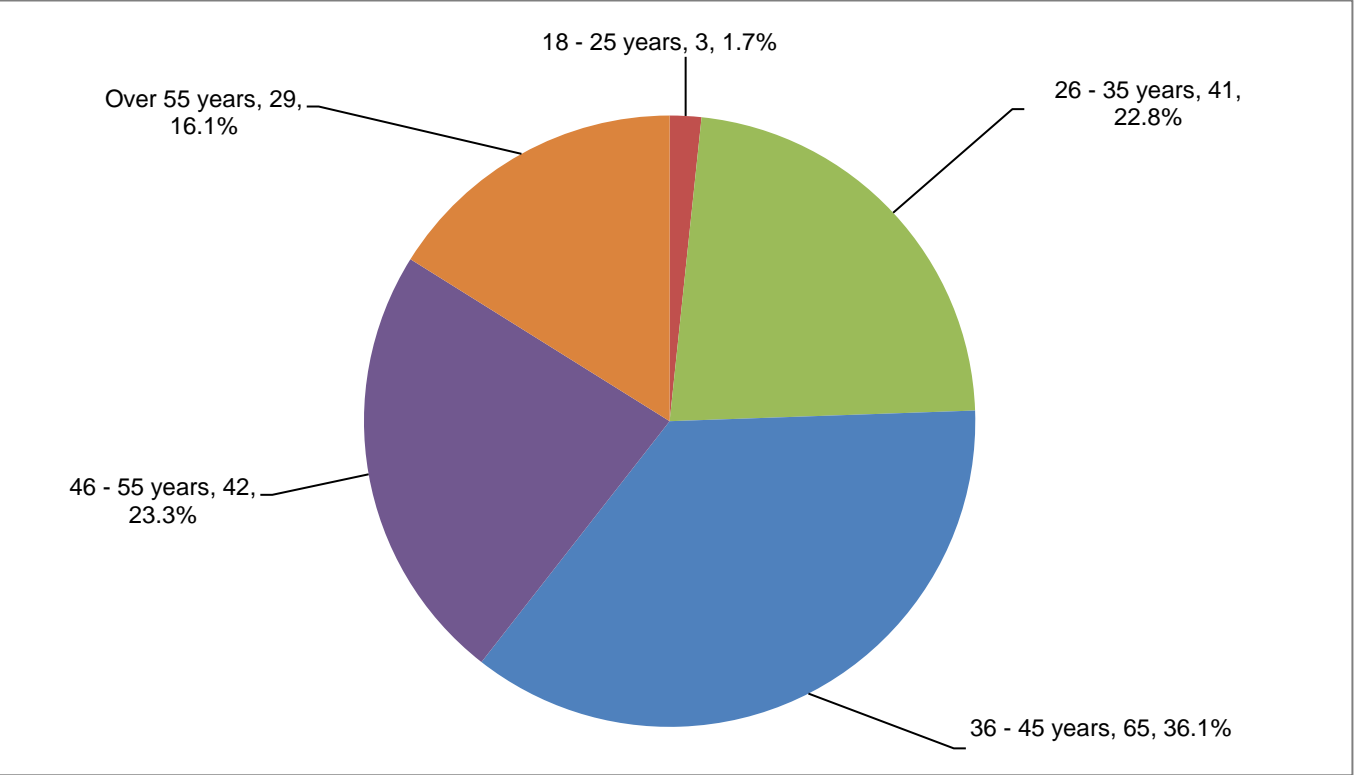
Chart 5: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q1, by gender



Base: 172 people seen rough sleeping whose gender was known. This excludes 8 people whose gender was not known.

Age

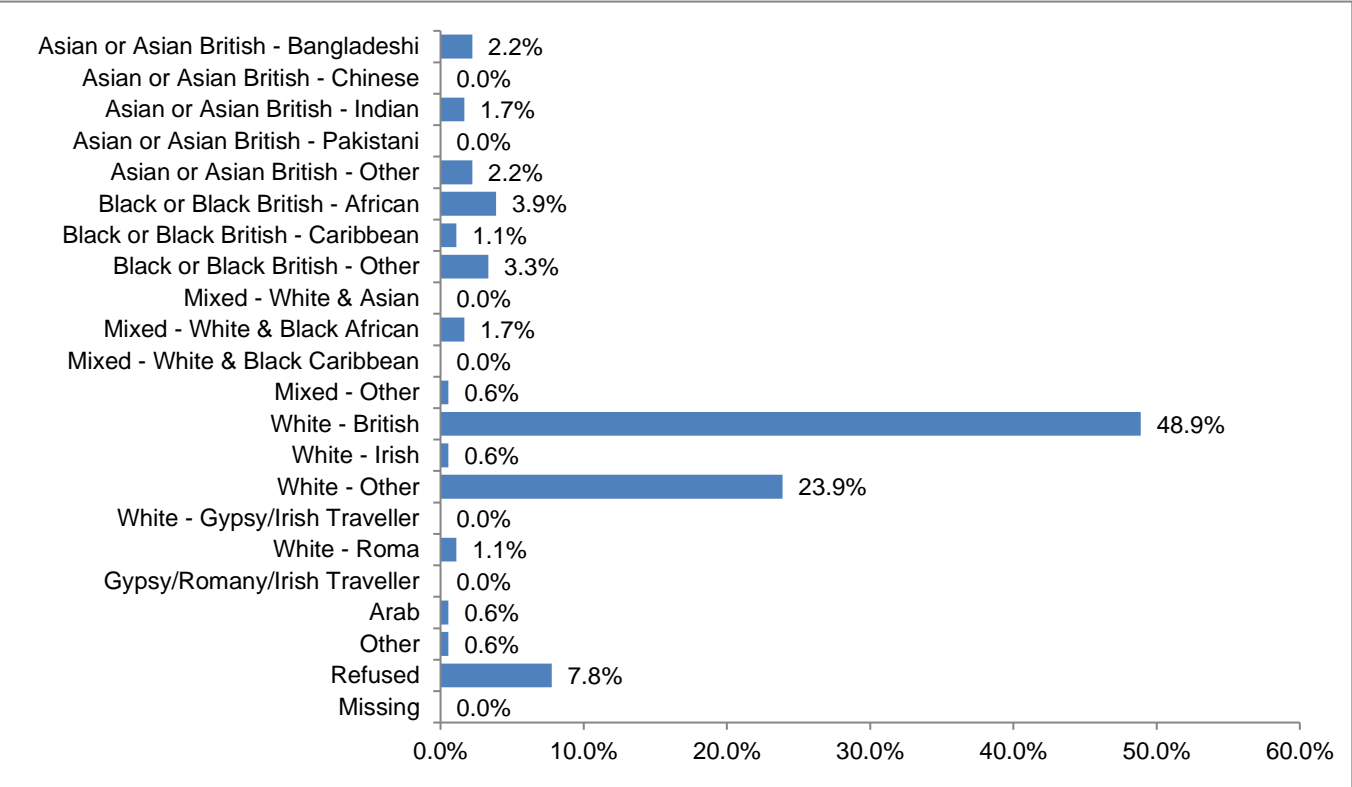
Chart 6: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q1, by age



Base: 180

Ethnicity

Chart 7: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q1, by ethnicity

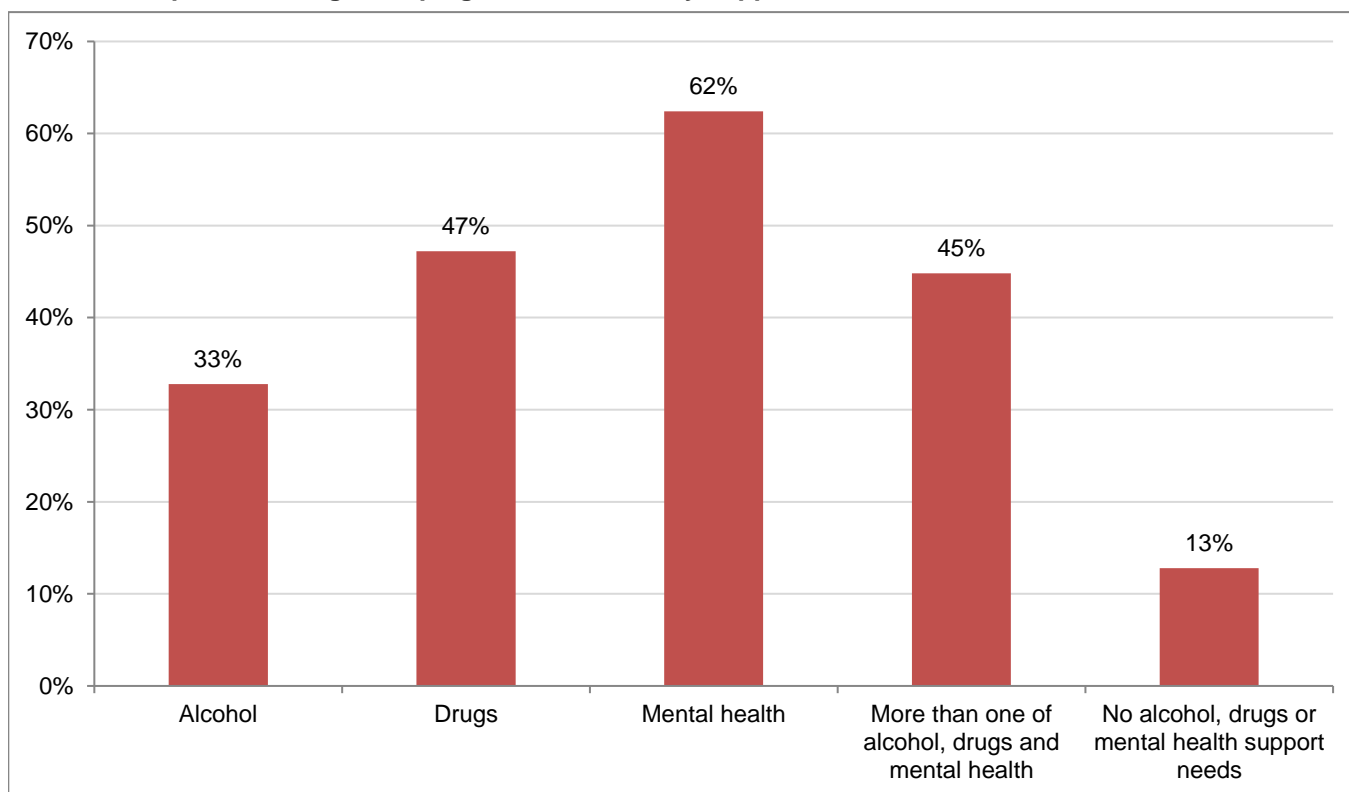


Base: 180

The previously employed category of 'Gypsy/Romany/Irish Traveller' was replaced with separate categories for 'White - Gypsy/Irish Traveller' and 'White - Roma' in April 2021. However, many people seen rough sleeping during the period may not have had their ethnicity information updated to reflect these new categories, so the original category is also included in the graph.

6. SUPPORT NEEDS

Chart 8: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q1, by support needs



Base: 125. Note that the base figure for this chart excludes people for whom none of the three support needs were known or assessed (55)

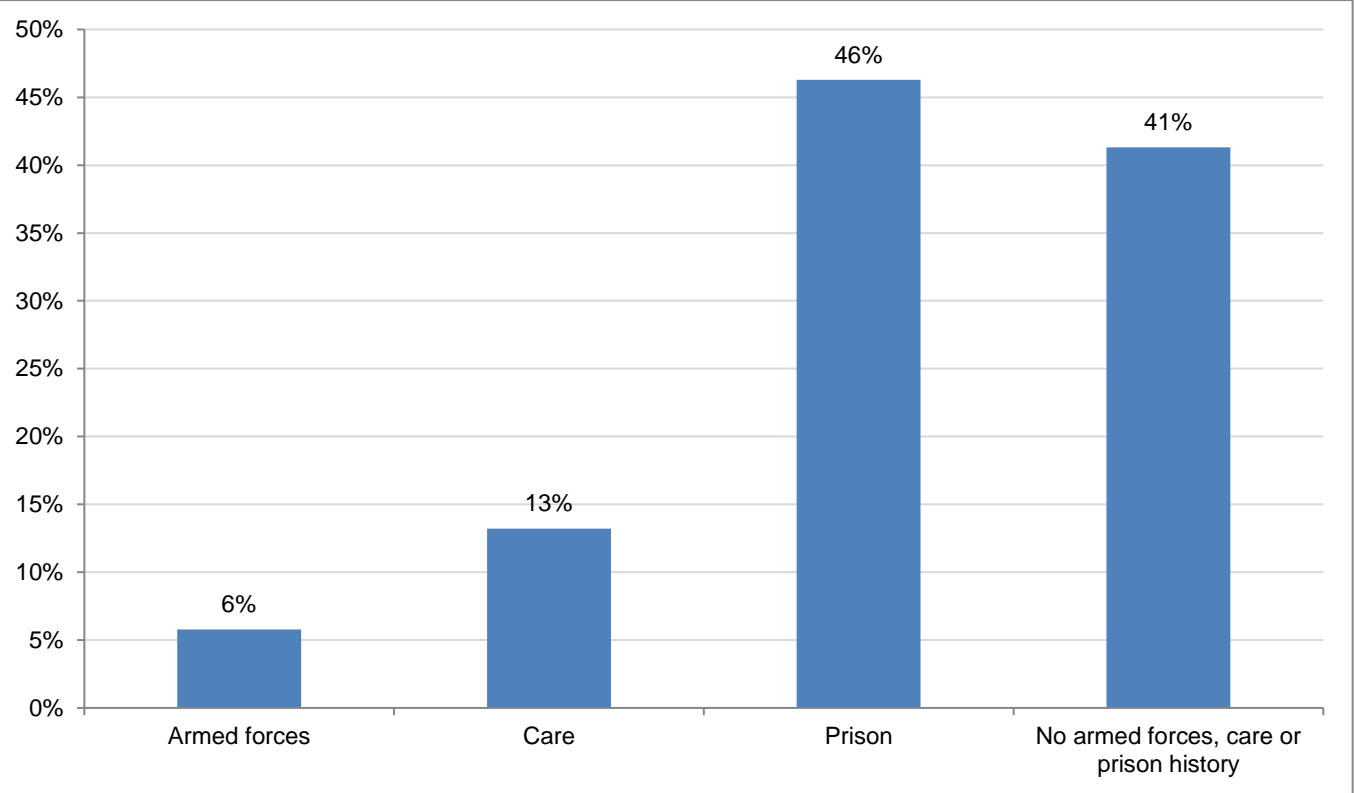
Table 6: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q1, by support needs combination

Support Needs	No. people	% of people seen rough sleeping
Alcohol only	8	6%
Drugs only	15	12%
Mental health only	26	21%
Alcohol and drugs	4	3%
Alcohol and mental health	12	10%
Drugs and mental health	23	18%
Alcohol, drugs and mental health	17	14%
All three no	16	13%
All three no, not known or not assessed	4	3%
All three not known or not assessed	55	
Total (excl. not assessed)	125	100%
Total (incl. not assessed)	180	

Total excluding not known or assessed is used as base for percentages.

7. INSTITUTIONAL & ARMED FORCES HISTORY

Chart 9: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q1, by experience of armed forces, care or prison



Base: 121. Note that the base figure for this chart excludes people for whom none of the three institutional histories were assessed.

Table 7: Nationality of people seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q1 with experience of armed forces

Nationality	No. people	% of people seen rough sleeping
UK	3	2%
Non-UK	4	3%
Not known/recorded	0	0%
Total	7	6%

8. ACCOMMODATION & RECONNECTION OUTCOMES

Reconnections and bookings into accommodation achieved by outreach teams and other borough based support services during the period. People included in these figures will have been seen rough sleeping at some point in their history, but not necessarily during the reporting period.

Table 8: Accommodation and reconnection outcomes achieved during 2023-24 Q1, compared to 2022-23 Q4, by number of people

	Jan-Mar 23	Apr-Jun 23
Outcome	No. people	No. people
Booked into accommodation or reconnected	47	23
Booked into accommodation	46	23
Booked into hub, shelter or emergency accommodation	23	0
Booked into temporary accommodation	33	23
Booked into long-term accommodation	5	0
Reconnected	4	0

Some people may have been booked into more than one type of accommodation during the period.

Table 9: Reconnection outcomes achieved during 2023-24 Q1, compared to 2022-23 Q4, by number of outcomes

	Jan-Mar 23		Apr-Jun 23	
Reconnection reason	No. events	%	No. events	%
Return to home area	2	50%	0	0%
Seeking work	0	0%	0	0%
Move to area for friends/family	1	25%	0	0%
Move to area with appropriate services	3	75%	0	0%
Reconnections total	4		0	

An individual may have had more than one reconnection during the period. Reconnections can be recorded with multiple reasons, so the overall total will be lower than the combined sum of the separate reconnection reasons. Percentages are based on the total number of reconnections.

	Jan-Mar 23		Apr-Jun 23	
Reconnection destination	No. events	%	No. events	%
UK - London	3	75%	0	0%
UK - outside London	0	0%	0	0%
Central and Eastern Europe	0	0%	0	0%
Other Europe	0	0%	0	0%
Rest of the world	1	25%	0	0%
<i>Not known</i>	0		0	
Reconnections total (excl. destination not known)	4	100%	0	0%

An individual may have had more than one reconnection during the period.

Table 10: Accommodation outcomes achieved during 2023-24 Q1, compared to 2022-23 Q4, by number of outcomes

Accommodation type	Jan-Mar 23		Apr-Jun 23	
	No. events	%	No. events	%
Hubs, shelters and emergency accommodation				
COVID-19 Emergency Accommodation (Local)	0	0%	0	0%
Hub	0	0%	0	0%
Nightstop	0	0%	0	0%
SWEP (Local)	22	29%	0	0%
SWEP (Pan-London)	2	3%	0	0%
Winter/Night Shelter	0	0%	0	0%
<i>Hubs, shelters and emergency accommodation subtotal</i>	24	32%	0	0%
Temporary accommodation				
Assessment centre	10	13%	11	37%
Bed & breakfast	15	20%	5	17%
Clinic/Detox/Rehab	0	0%	0	0%
Friends & family	0	0%	0	0%
Hostel	7	9%	5	17%
Local authority temporary accommodation	12	16%	6	20%
Staging post	0	0%	0	0%
Other temporary accommodation	3	4%	3	10%
<i>Temporary accommodation subtotal</i>	47	62%	30	100%
Long-term accommodation				
Care home	0	0%	0	0%
Clearing House/RSI	3	4%	0	0%
Local authority tenancy (general needs)	0	0%	0	0%
Private rented sector - independent	0	0%	0	0%
Private rented sector - with some floating support	0	0%	0	0%
RSL tenancy (general needs)	0	0%	0	0%
Sheltered housing	0	0%	0	0%
Supported housing	2	3%	0	0%
Tied accommodation	0	0%	0	0%
Other long-term accommodation	0	0%	0	0%
<i>Long-term accommodation subtotal</i>	5	7%	0	0%
Total	76	100%	30	100%

An individual may have been booked into accommodation more than once during the period.

9. TEMPORARY ACCOMMODATION

Hostels, assessment centres and second-stage accommodation based in the borough.

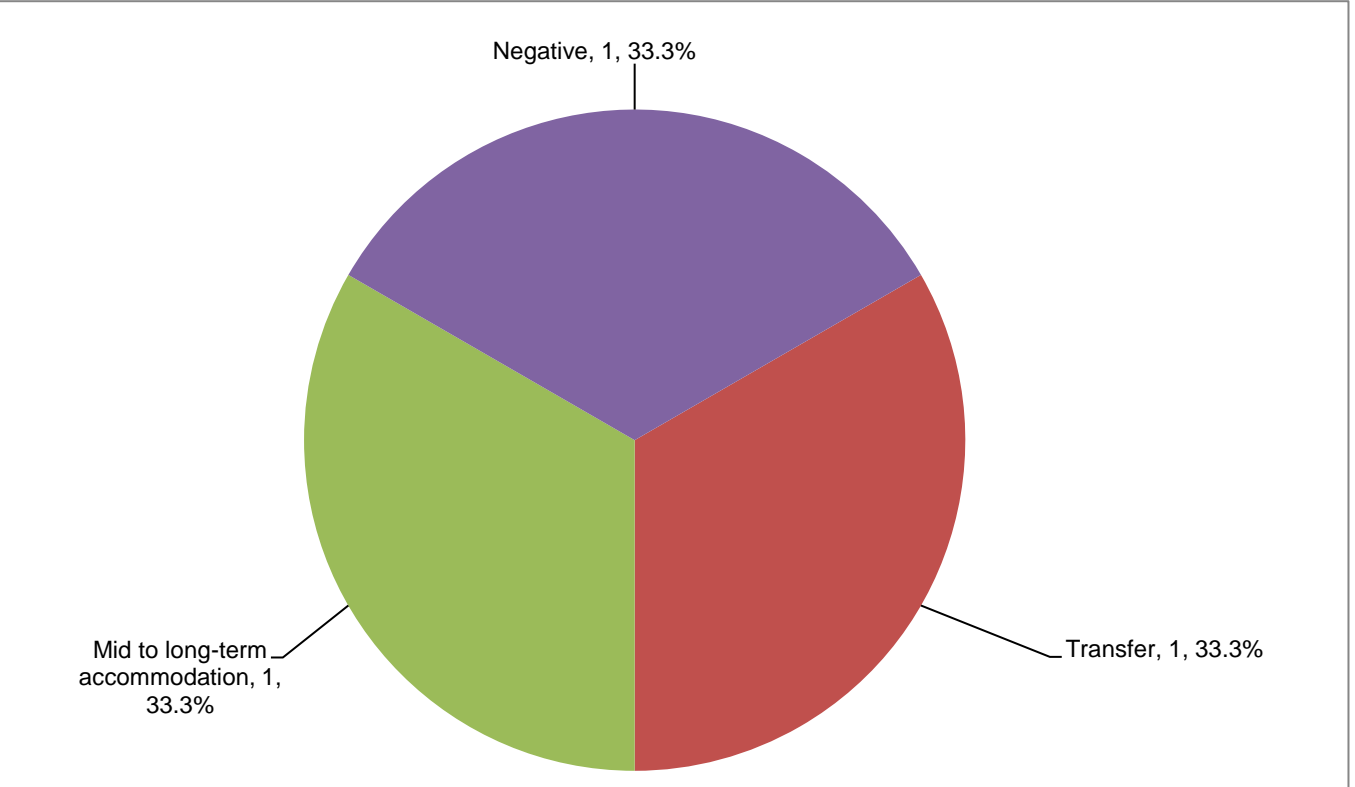
Arrivals

A total of 3 individuals arrived at temporary accommodation during the period.

Departures: Destination on Departure

A total of 3 individuals departed from temporary accommodation during the period.

Chart 10: Departures from temporary accommodation in 2023-24 Q1, by destination on departure



Base: 3

Destination on departure	Destination category	Chart colour
Assessment Centre, Bed & Breakfast, Covid-19 emergency hotel, Detox clinic, Hospital - not long-term/acute care, Hostel - another organisation, Hostel - within the organisation, Internal SWEP transfer, Internal transfer, NASS accommodation, Night shelter, NSNO staging post, Psychiatric hospital, Rehab clinic, Temporary accommodation (LA)	Transfer	
Accommodation where client is owner, Care home, Clearing House/RSI, Hospital - long-term, LA tenancy (general needs), Long stay hospice, Private rented sector - independent, Private rented sector - with some floating support, Returned to home country (EEA), Returned to home country (non EEA), RSL tenancy (general needs), Sheltered Housing, Supported Housing, Tied accommodation with work	Mid to long-term accommodation	
Died by suicide, Not known, Sleeping rough/Returned to streets, Taken into custody	Negative	
Died, Previous home, Staying with family, Staying with friends	Other	

An individual may have had more than one accommodation departure during the period.

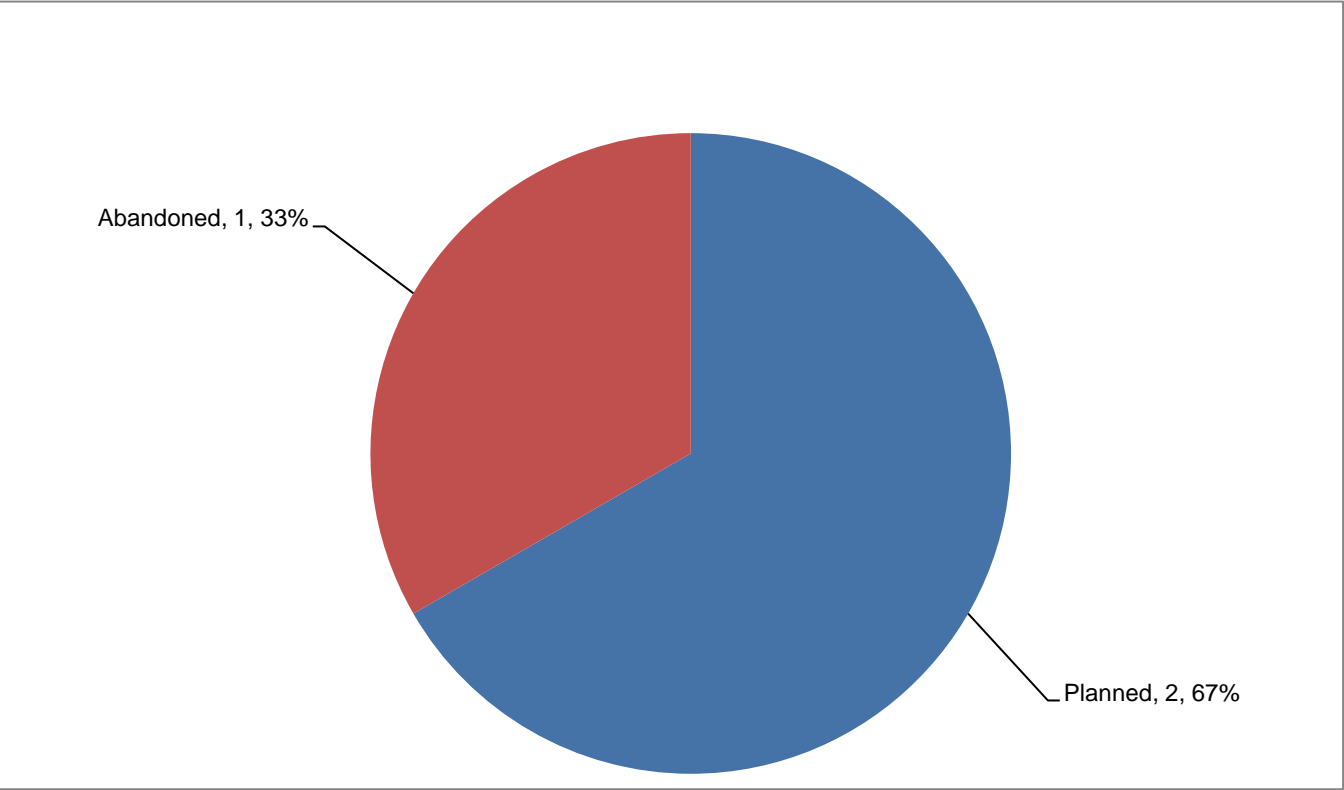
Table 11: Departures from temporary accommodation in 2023-24 Q1, by destination on departure

Destination on departure	No. departures	%
Transfer		
Assessment centre	0	0%
Bed & breakfast	0	0%
Detox clinic	0	0%
Hospital - not long-term/acute care	0	0%
Hostel - another organisation	0	0%
Hostel - within the organisation	0	0%
Hosting placement	1	33%
Internal SWEP transfer	0	0%
Internal transfer	0	0%
NASS accommodation	0	0%
Night shelter	0	0%
NSNO staging post	0	0%
Psychiatric hospital	0	0%
Rehab clinic	0	0%
Temporary accommodation (LA)	0	0%
<i>Transfer subtotal</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>33%</i>
Mid to long-term accommodation		
Accommodation where client is owner	0	0%
Care home	0	0%
Clearing House/RSI	1	33%
Hospital - long-term	0	0%
LA tenancy (general needs)	0	0%
Long stay hospice	0	0%
Private rented sector - independent	0	0%
Private rented sector - with some floating support	0	0%
Returned to home country (EEA)	0	0%
Returned to home country (non EEA)	0	0%
RSL tenancy (general needs)	0	0%
Sheltered Housing	0	0%
Supported Housing	0	0%
Tied accommodation with work	0	0%
<i>Mid to long-term accommodation subtotal</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>33%</i>
Negative		
Died by suicide	0	0%
Not known	0	0%
Sleeping rough/Returned to streets	1	33%
Taken into custody	0	0%
<i>Negative subtotal</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>33%</i>
Other		
Died	0	0%
Previous home	0	0%
Staying with family	0	0%
Staying with friends	0	0%
<i>Other subtotal</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0%</i>
Total	3	100%

An individual may have had more than one accommodation departure during the period.

Departures: Reason for Leaving

Chart 11: Departures from temporary accommodation in 2023-24 Q1, by reason for leaving



Base: 3

An individual may have had more than one accommodation departure during the period.

10. METHODOLOGY

From January 2014 onwards, CHAIN rough sleeping figures returned to being reported on a quarterly basis, following a two year period of reporting on a bi-monthly cycle.

Alongside the change in reporting period, we have also made some other adjustments to our reporting methodology. People who have been seen rough sleeping in more than one borough during the period will now be counted towards the figures for each relevant borough, rather than being assigned to one borough only, as was previously the case with bi-monthly reports. This means that the overall unique rough sleepers total for London will not be the same as the sum of all separate borough figures.

The new quarterly reports continue to employ the methodology of assigning rough sleepers to categories based on the following factors:

- Whether they were new rough sleepers during the period
- How many times they were seen rough sleeping during the period
- Number of days elapsed between first and last time they were seen rough sleeping during the period

We continue to apply the same thresholds for the above factors to the quarterly reporting period that we previously used for bi-monthly reporting. A further explanation of the individual categories follows.

New rough sleepers

New rough sleepers, who were seen for the first time during the period. The total number of new rough sleepers is broken down into those who were seen just once and did not have a second night out, those who were seen on several occasions, but as yet have not been on the streets long enough to count as 'living on the streets', and those new to the streets who remained there long enough to fulfil the criteria for 'living on the streets' (outlined below).

Living on the streets (LOS)

With the designation 'living on the streets' we refer to rough sleepers who have stayed on the streets after arriving, and are entrenched or at risk of becoming so. In determining who is counted as living on the streets we have used a combination of time on the streets (three or more weeks between the earliest and latest bedded down contact) and number of bedded down contacts (five or more contacts) during the period we are reporting on. If a person is seen bedded down six times, but only during one week, he or she does not count. If a person has four bedded down contacts, but spread over two months, he or she would also not count. To be counted a rough sleeper must have both elements.

The reporting period covers three months. However, to ensure that we do not miss those whose rough sleeping crosses over reporting periods we look back for the three weeks immediately before the start of the three month reporting period. For a rough sleeper in these circumstances, if they are not seen again, he or she will not be reported living on the streets in the next period.

The LOS total will include some who were new to the streets in the period, but whose stay extended beyond three weeks and who were seen bedded down at least five times - these are transferred from the new rough sleeper figures (shown in red in both section one and two of the report).

It is important to note that a rough sleeper who is included in the LOS total will not necessarily have been living on the streets for the entirety of the quarter in question, but they were living on the streets for a significant period during the quarter. The LOS total will also include some who are no longer on the streets, having gone into accommodation (or disappeared). They will not appear in the subsequent LOS total. Rough sleepers will only count as LOS during the period where they meet the above definition.

RS205+ refers to people who have been identified as especially hard to help because of their prolific history of rough sleeping. This group appear in the LOS chart if they have any number of bedded down contacts within the two months being reported on.

Intermittent rough sleepers

Intermittent rough sleepers are those who are not new in this period, and have not been seen rough sleeping enough to be deemed living on the streets. This group includes those who sleep rough periodically for very short periods (including some street drinkers and beggars). It also will include those who return to the streets for a longer period (but in this period less than the 'living on the streets' definition). Those that go on to be living on the streets will appear in that category in the next period.

SUPPORTED BY
MAYOR OF LONDON

